AIM: How is the volume of liquids measured?

Pre-test Given

VOCABULARY
Graduated cylinder
Meniscus
increment

OBJECTIVE

To successfully measure volume of a liquid.

DEFINITION

What is volume ?

Volume is the amount of space an object (liquid) takes up.

In the United States

How is volume measured ? Cups, pints quarts, ounces, gallons.

In the Metric System

For liquids, the standard (basic) unit of measure for volume is ...

<u>Liter</u>

Abbreviation L

(notice it is a capital letter)

Milliliters (mL) are also frequently used

In Metric

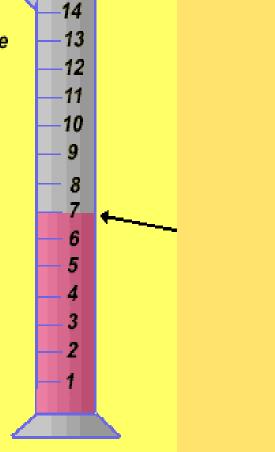
1 milliliter (mL) of liquid volume

occupies the same amount of space as 1 cm³

 $1 \text{ mL}=1 \text{ cm}^3$

How do you read a graduated cylinder

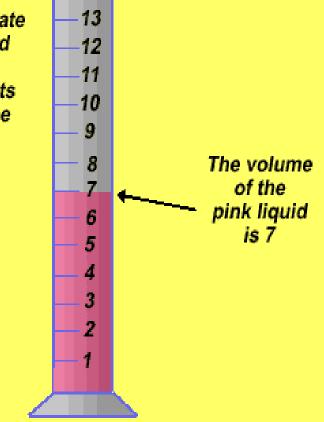
The graduate is marked off in equal units of volume



•What is the volume of the pink liquid

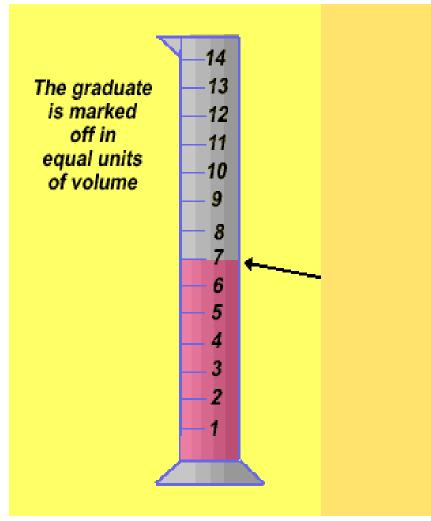
How do you read a graduated cylinder

The graduate is marked off in equal units of volume



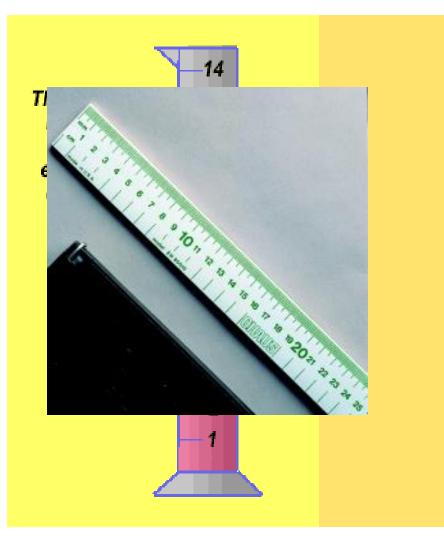
14

Most graduated cylinders are marked off in milliliters!

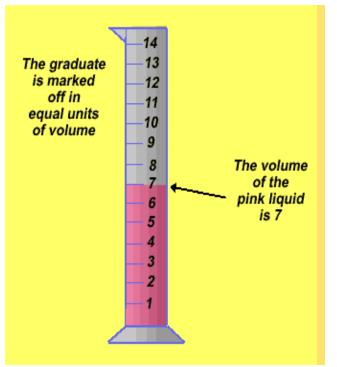


•The graduated cylinder is marked off in equal units

•The equal units are called increments

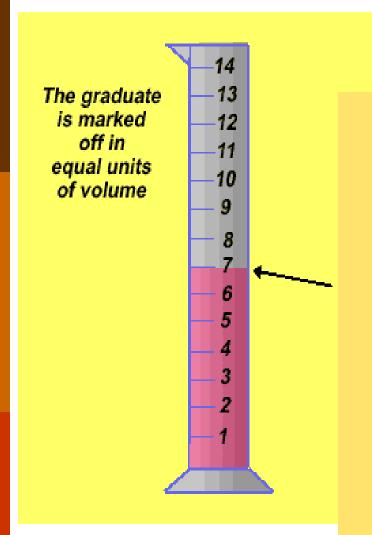


•What is the smallest increment on a meter stick?



•Although all graduated cylinders have equal increments

•The increments are not the same on different sized graduated cylinders



Each increment is **DIFFERENT** on different sized cylinders Sometimes the increment is 1ml, other times its 5ml or 0.1ml, 0.2 ml, 0.5ml

You have to check!

What is the Meniscus?



•You have to read the level of the liquid at the meniscus

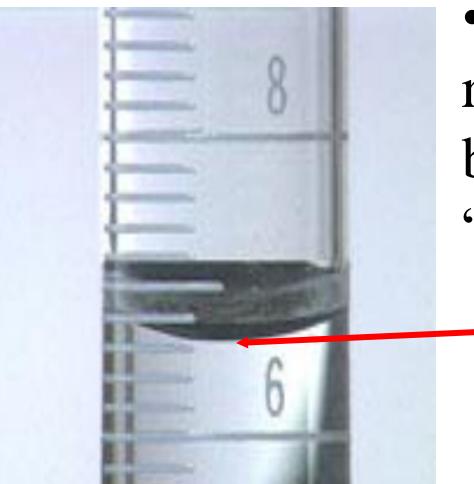
•What is a meniscus?

What is the Meniscus?



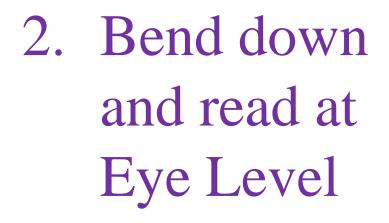
•The meniscus is the curved "line" that the water forms inside the graduated cylinder

How is the Meniscus read?



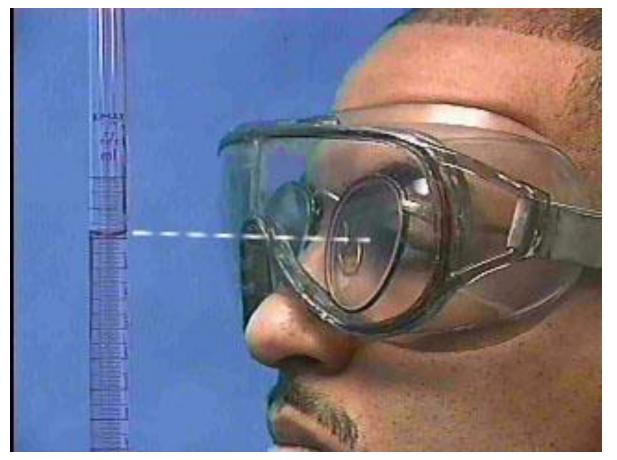
•The meniscus is read from the bottom of the "curve"

How to read a Meniscus 1. Flat surface

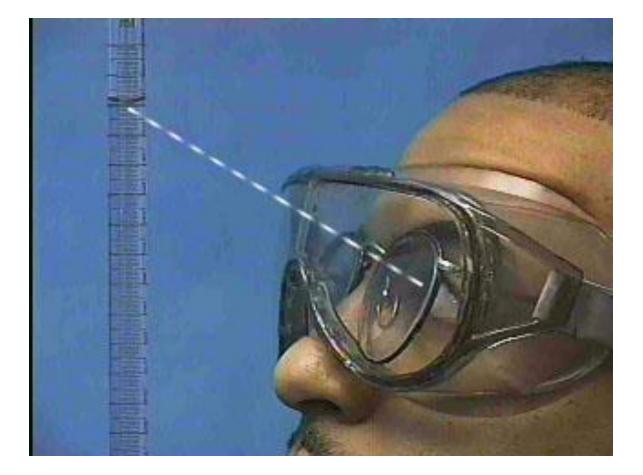


Read the
 bottom of the
 meniscus 16

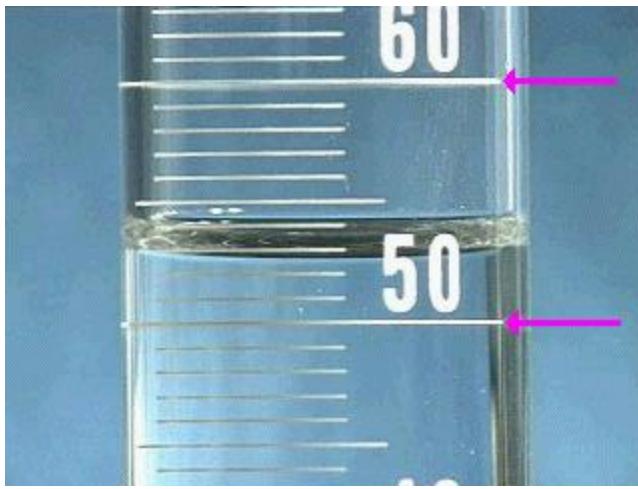




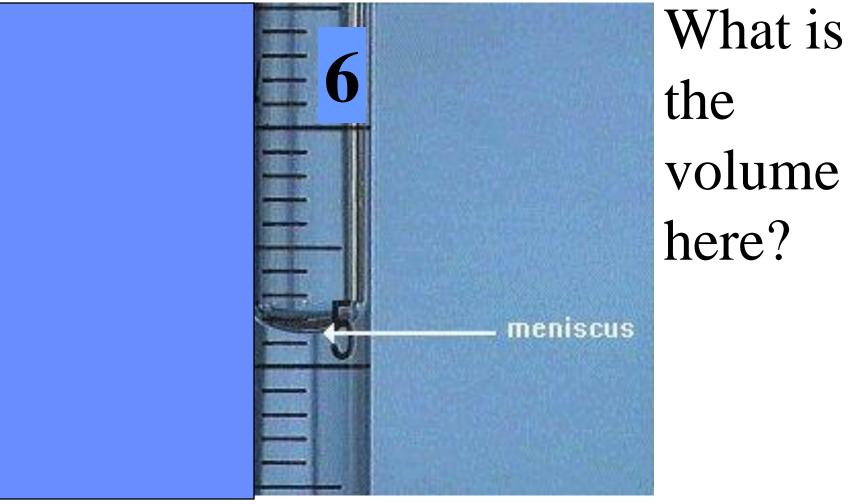


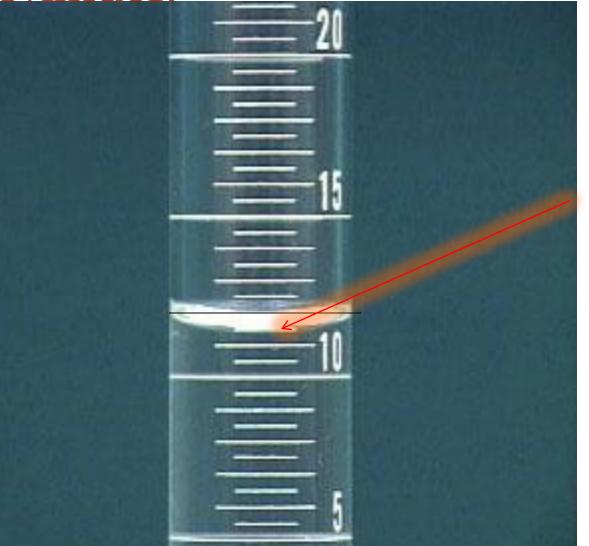


•incorrect

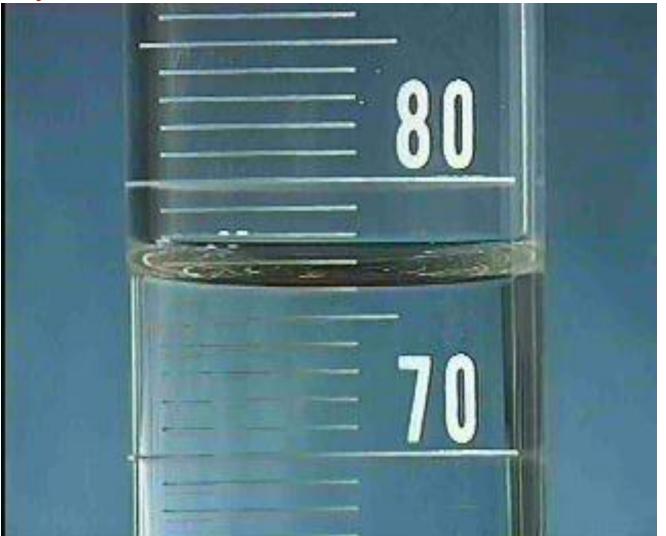


What is the volume here? What is the increment?





What is the volume here? What's the increment?



What is the volume here? 22



•What is the increment of this graduated cylinder?

•What is the volume?

Basic Terminology

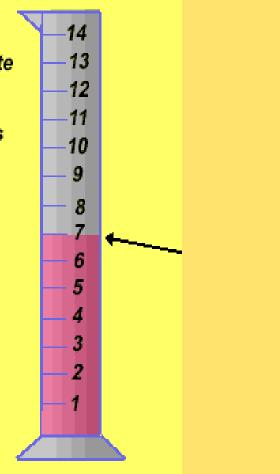
1 liter = 1000 milliliters

1 L= 1000 ml

a milliliter occupies the same amount of space as a cubic centimeter

 $1mL = 1cm^3$

The graduate is marked off in equal units of volume



Fill up your graduated cylinders about ¹/₂ way



Work Galguate the volume

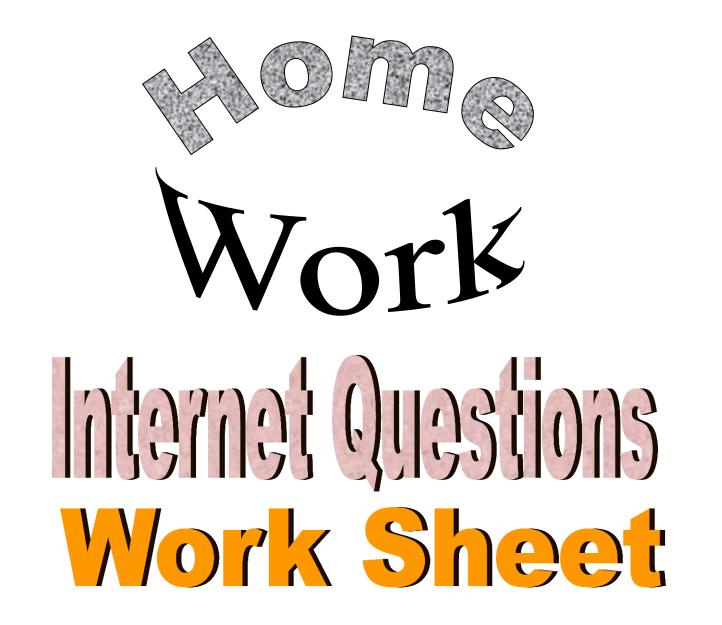
Deep Thinking Question...

Can you measure 6 ml with a 100 ml graduated cylinder?

Can you measure 129 ml with a 100 ml graduated cylinder?

Lab-Now You Try

- Fill up the graduated cylinder to ANY amount. Find the bottom of the meniscus.
 See if your partner agrees.
- 2. Choose a measurement, THEN try to fill the graduated cylinder to that exact amount.
- 3. Try steps # 1 and 2 with the 25 mL 10 mL graduated cylinder.

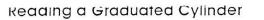


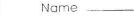
Website for Extra Practice

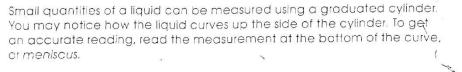
- http://www.wisconline.com/objects/ViewObject.aspx?ID=G CH302
- http://morrisonlabs.com/meniscus.htm

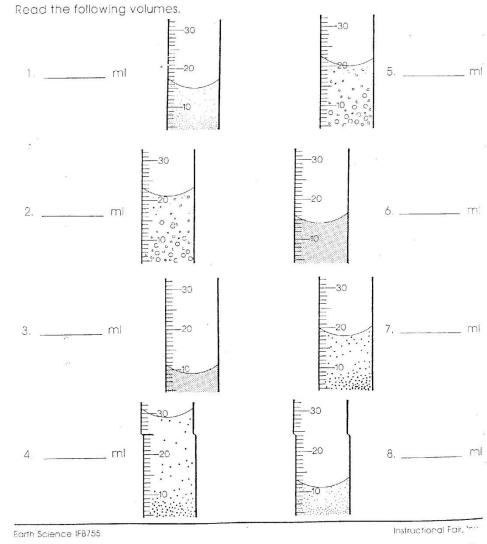
Homework

Single worksheet with graduated cylinders on it HW _____







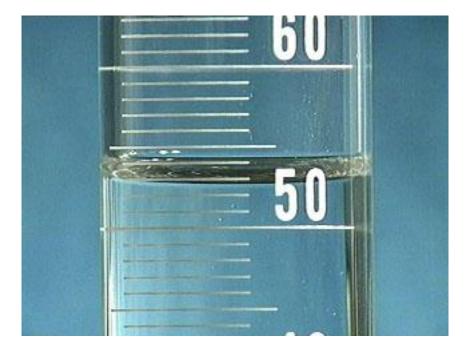


Page _____ in your spiral BW

- If you are measuring the volume of a <u>solid</u>, what unit do you use to label?
- answer
- If you are measuring the volume of a <u>liquid</u>, what unit do you use to label?

Answer

BW What is the accurate reading of this graduated cylinder?



BW

What is the correct way to measure using a graduated cylinder?

Click here for answer

<u>Measuring Using A Graduated</u> <u>Cylinder</u>

- •Place cylinder on flat surface.
- •Bend down at eye level.
- •Read the bottom of the meniscus.
- •Label your answer in mL.